

exploitation of Siberian oil fields suggests far-reaching possibilities.

But it is not only the development of oil fields and mining deposits in which American industry is interested. It is realized that as soon as Russia finds herself free of the nightmare of the Marxists and political and economic conditions are stabilized, she will offer an almost unlimited market for American goods and the greatest field of development.

GEORGIA GETS BATUM, KARS GOES TO TURK

Soviet Treaty With Kemal Forms Close Alliance.

LONDON, March 20.—By virtue of the new treaty between Russia and Turkey, which defines the boundaries of Turkey, both parties undertake to recognize no international act relating to any party which is not recognized by the other, says a wireless despatch from Moscow.

The old treaties between Russia and Turkey, Turkey's debts to Russia, and the system of capitulations are all abolished under the reported terms of the treaty.

Batum is ceded to Georgia with a system of local autonomy, but Turkey has the right of free transit through the port. The district of Artvin, Ardahan and Kars are recognized as Turkish territory.

By the Associated Press.

BATUM, Georgia, March 20.—The Turks, who recently occupied Batum, have left and a Soviet Georgian Government has been established. Russian and Georgian ships in the harbor have been declared State property. The Turks are abandoning Batum, doing damage to residences.

REDS EXECUTE REBEL CHIEFS AT KRONSTADT

Betrays Helped Bolsheviks, Refugees Say.

By the Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, March 20.—Details of the fall of Kronstadt before the repeated onslaughts of the Bolshevik army under command of Leon Trotsky, the Soviet War Minister, have been brought here by refugees.

In the citadel, according to the refugees, some 1,700 men were "not endeavoring to fight their way toward the coast, and the other fortress approximately 3,000 were made prisoners by the Bolsheviks. All officers and leaders among the military forces and civilians were immediately picked out from Trotsky's order, given before the final attack, were executed. Their bodies were thrown on the ice of the Gulf of Finland with stones and scraps of iron in the hands so that they will sink when the ice breaks up, probably a fortnight hence.

All the other rebel soldiers interned are awaiting the future, which, according to the refugees, is likely to bring executions. As food is scarce and the victorious Soviet army is on half rations, the situation of the prisoners is hardly understandable, the refugees point out.

The horrors of the days of storming cannot be described, the refugees say. The insurrectionary forces were repeatedly betrayed by inhabitants sympathizing with the Bolsheviks, and small bodies of the rebels were fired on and mowed down by machine guns in the streets of local Kronstadt. The Bolsheviks were not strong enough to rush these forces of Communists and simultaneously repulse attacks from the outside. Every one, old or young, man or woman, with or without weapons, who got in the way of or was hunted up by the Bolsheviks was killed immediately, the refugees assert, no pardon being asked and none being given.

The town of Kronstadt suffered severely. At the beginning of the retreat by the insurrectionists big fires were burned in the place, but by Friday no smoke or fire could be seen.

The stream of refugees from Kronstadt has ceased, according to despatches received from Kronstadt, the Finnish frontier. The last refugees, the refugees say, have established a circular chain of sentries and patrols around Kronstadt, through which it is impossible to break.

GEN. STERNBERG INVADES LAKE BAIKAL RE'ION

Capture of Kikhtha Denied by Danish Telegraphers.

By the Associated Press.

PERKIN, March 20.—Persistent reports from Harbin state that Gen. Baron Michel Ungern-Sternberg, leader of a force of Russian revolutionaries and Mongolians, is advancing toward the Lake Baikal region, evidently intent on cutting off the Russian Soviet forces at Kikhtha. The Soviet leaders are reported to be conducting a hasty mobilization, but to be meeting with considerable opposition owing to the popularity of Sternberg, who is in command of a large force of Buriat cavalry.

Capture of Kikhtha by the revolutionaries is reported, but the report is discredited here. Danish telegraph officials asserting that their lines to Kikhtha still are working and that no confirmation of the capture has been received.

The Chinese Government has informed various legations of the discovery of concrete evidence of Japanese support, both financial and otherwise, of Gen. Baron Ungern-Sternberg. The alleged evidence is in the form of documents found on Russian officers arrested during conferences in foreign hotels here. The officers who were arrested were alleged Seminofoffs and include Gen. Hroschitzky.

POLAND TO COOPERATE IN PEACE OF WORLD

Treaty of Riga Signed, She Now Turns From War.

By the Associated Press.

WARSAW, March 19 (delayed).—Premier Pilsudski standing on the stage of the Grand Opera House last night, informed the assembled throng that he had signed in Riga between Soviet Russia and Poland.

The Premier's speech, which had been intended for delivery in the Diet, was received with cheers, the Diet having adjourned before news of the signing of peace had been received.

The treaty, Premier Pilsudski said, brought peace not only to Poland, but to the whole of Europe. Poland's energy, he added, which for the past seven years had been devoted to war, would now be directed toward peace and bringing Poland to her proper place in the world.

The newspapers express the hope that Poland will cooperate with the entire world in peace time accomplishments.

VIIVIANI WARNED AGAINST GOING AS LEAGUE APOSTLE

French Press Anxious Lest Ex-Premier Will Make Misstep in U. S.

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HARDING VIEW SOUGHT

France Willing to Change Entire Scheme Provided Treaty Remains.

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FOR CONTINENTAL GROUPS

Pertinax Hopes Emissary Will Not Fall Into Jussierand's 'Persistent Errors.'

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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That one of the primary objects of the visit of former Premier Viviani to the United States is to get President Harding's views regarding the League of Nations is now accepted as a fact by all the French press despite the efforts of the Government to define the mission as merely telegraphic. This is indicated in all the comment provoked by the departure of M. Viviani from Geneva yesterday, in which the prevailing theme is the League of Nations and France's attitude thereon.

A note of great anxiety, however, is discernible, the fear being expressed by the newspapers that by reason of his own sympathies and his connections with the League of Nations the former Premier may put his foot into it, especially if he goes as a defender of the league. M. Viviani only recently was appointed France's representative on the league's amendment commission, the first meeting of which will be called in Geneva next month. The other members of this commission are expecting M. Viviani to guide them regarding the attitude and desires of the United States for as was told in a despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD from Geneva at the time the commission project was up, the principal idea behind it was to work out changes in the league acceptable to the United States.

French Stand Remains Same.

The position of the French Government regarding the league has not changed, provided enough of the old title remains to obviate revision of the Versailles terms. All that is necessary to us to keep the treaty intact. He adds that unfortunately Ambassador Jussierand seems to be guarding the Wilson legacy and says: "We hope M. Viviani won't fall in with his persistent errors."

The Petit Parisien says M. Viviani "will set forth that France cannot compromise of any future agreement that does not include the Versailles Treaty as its base, and the pact of the League of Nations, which is inseparable from it. If the United States desires to modify the pact in accordance with President Harding's ideas, its proposals will naturally be examined with the most friendly attention."

Nothing, for example, prevents the members of the League of Nations from being grouped by continents, as the Republicans in America seem to wish, but it is essential that a beginning should be made by common ratification of this diplomatic work of Versailles on which France's very future depends.

Only One Method of Joining.

"Nothing is more legitimate than that America should keep aloof for the time being. But the day she is willing to come to our side, she can do it only one way—by ratifying, with the reservation of the right of amendment, the Treaty of Versailles with the pact of the League of Nations. President Harding personally seems to be favorable to immediate ratification of the Versailles treaty, and Mr. Hughes manifestly shares this feeling."

As the Liberté points out to-day, however, if M. Viviani is suspected of going to the United States to defend Mr. Wilson's league, his mission will be a catastrophe. Hence, the paper continues it is essential for him in his first conversations with President Harding to show him that France is ready to accept all of the United States' reservations of any kind.

Those who know M. Viviani's views are sure that he is for a much longer peace plan than the one which the continental groups, which changes, he believes, could be made without invalidating those parts of the treaty like the one concerning the Suez Valley, where the league was made an administrative agent.

AUSTRIANS OPPOSE LONDON RELIEF PLAN

Resent Foreign Control of Revenue Sources.

By the Associated Press.

VIENNA, March 20.—It is becoming more and more evident that the London relief plan is going to meet with strong opposition in Parliament. Doubt already has been expressed as to the ability of Chancellor Mayr to secure the necessary approval of the plan.

Agitation against the measure already has begun in the press, all parties opposing any proposition which would place the sources of national revenue under any foreign control, even that of the League of Nations.

The Abend, after declaring that the Chancellor "is chattering away the country for the benefit of the capitalists and peasants," makes the statement that there is plenty of wealth within the country in the hands of those two classes to support it until proper taxation measures and other reforms are effected.

MONTENEGRIN PRINCE YIELDS

Belgrade, Jugo-Slavia, March 20.—Prince Danilo, heir apparent to the throne of Montenegro, has accepted abdication in favor of Prince Michael, son of the late Prince Mirko, has decided to accept the annuity of 300,000 francs which the Belgrade Government had offered to his father, the late King Nicholas, according to the Politika.

Nicholas, who died on March 1, always had rejected the offer, maintaining it would entail recognition of the union of Montenegro with the Jugo-Slav countries and abandonment of all claims to the throne.

Paris Opera to Enter Motion Picture Field

Opera, heretofore rigorously restricted to the production of grand opera, not even opera comique being permitted, plans to give moving picture matinees to avert a threatened deficit of 750,000 francs, which Parliament has refused to meet through an increased subsidy. Some members of the Chamber of Deputies declared that singing and dancing were less important than reparations and suggested that the opera forget some of its artistic dignity and try to make money the same as dance halls and theatres.

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BONAR LAW OUT, IRISH SEE CHANCE

Think They Could Get More From a Straight Out Tory Government.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

DUBLIN, March 20.—Irish leaders see their opportunity in the retirement of Andrew Bonar Law—but it is an opportunity of which they can only take advantage by the bitterest kind of fighting—and while the new political situation in Parliament is crystallizing there will be dark and bloody days here.

Last night's events are an index of what may be expected. There were more than a score of casualties in the Dublin streets, and pitched battles were fought at Bandon and elsewhere between large forces.

The Irish theory is that even if Premier Lloyd George becomes a straight out-and-out Tory, or if there is a change in the situation, which they feel certain will be due as a result of a straight out Tory Government at Westminster, it will mean that the conditions of the "Pinder and Partition Bill" (Home Rule Act) wiped off the statute books and an opportunity presented for starting negotiations with a clean slate.

This is not the opinion of the leaders of the "murder gang" or any of the so-called group of extremists. It is the opinion of the moderate republicans, who are the mainstay of the Irish Republic. One of them describes it as a reasonable programme evolved from Ireland's bitter experience.

There will be no new Easter rebellion. Sinn Fein has learned the futility of grappling in a pitched battle with the British forces as a whole. But rearmament has been going on at a tremendous scale, as many of those who have hitherto been neutral have been driven to the conclusion that the martial law regime and other measures of force repression during the last seven months. There will be a tremendous increase of sporadic attacks and rushes not only against the police, but against bodies of soldiers in the size of which will only be measured by the forces which Michael Collins, commander of the Sinn Fein army, and Malachy think they can muster up against them.

They plan to demonstrate such a condition in Ireland that, no matter how reactionary the Tories may be who become the new heads of affairs, they will be willing to make a new settlement along lines which Sinn Fein can accept. The boycott against Ulster is intended while the Ulster business men are already complaining that their business of wholesaling to the rest of Ireland has been ruined. Sinn Fein believes that when the time comes to talk of a new deal Ulster will be more willing than ever to make a fair settlement with the south.

It is indubitable that the morale of the Irish Republican Army has bucked up tremendously during recent weeks. A careful look has been kept of both coffins and stretchers coming from scenes of recent fighting, and the Irish say that there were many more in both killed and wounded than was officially admitted.

Some British officials admit that there has been a change in the character of the Irish fighting. It is also true that there has been a valiant effort to reform the Black and Tans. This has been carried on as the result of direct orders from Downing Street. "We are not carrying on any peace moves," one important official said. "We are too busy trying to discipline certain of our forces."

The Government policy inevitably tends toward the extension of martial law and is turning over more and more power into the hands of the military as well as the district police auxiliaries. Crown officials point out that what they have done has been to round up particularly the ablest Irish leaders. The official report shows that during the last week of the month of February 21: Brigade commandants, 15; brigade staff, 36; battalion commandants, 49; battalion staff, 99; company officers, 804; others of unknown ranks, 822.

These officials believe that it will be Ireland who will tire first and that England will name terms to her under the new regime. It may be a matter of months before the struggle can be fought out, they say, and both sides are settling down to a campaign of no quarter given from this time onward.

CHAMBERLAIN INSISTS ON UNANIMOUS VOTE

Gives Conditions for Taking Bonar Law's Office.

LONDON, March 20.—Political speculation as to the result of Andrew Bonar Law's retirement has not abated, but the only thing that seems certain is that Austen Chamberlain will be elected to the leadership of the Unionist party in the Commons at to-morrow's Carlton Club meeting of the Unionist members of the House.

Mr. Chamberlain has already informed the Unionist whip that he is prepared to accept the leadership, providing the election is unanimous. This insistence on unanimity possibly has its motive in the remembrance that during a decade ago both Mr. Chamberlain and Walter Hume Long, having equal claims to the leadership on Mr. Balfour's retirement, felt impelled to stand aside to allow Mr. Bonar Law to be elected.

Whether, if elected, Mr. Chamberlain will forthwith resign his office as Chancellor of the Exchequer or wait until after he has presented the next budget statement in April, is still unknown. It is believed, however, that he will resign the Chancellorship immediately.

JEW TO COLLECT BIG FUND

A movement to provide a budgetary fund to take care of expenses incurred yearly in the maintenance of the Jewish Theological Seminary at 531 West 122nd street, and the Jewish Institute in Stuyvesant place, was launched yesterday at a meeting of a committee composed of members representing the two organizations held at the Jewish Centre, Inc., 131 West Eighty-fourth street. The fund to be collected is to be unlimited, and the appeal for aid will be directed to the Jewish communities in this and every other city in the United States.

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ITALY CELEBRATES REGAINED TERRITORY

Triest Scene of Great Rejoicing Over Annexation.

By the Associated Press.

TRIESTE, March 20.—Italy's "redeemed" territories to-day celebrated their formal annexation with great enthusiasm. Hundreds of thousands of Italians from the whole of Julian Venetia crowded Trieste, leaving have been arrested and interned under any pretext. Mr. Chamberlain and Walter Hume Long, having equal claims to the leadership on Mr. Balfour's retirement, felt impelled to stand aside to allow Mr. Bonar Law to be elected.

CHAINED TO RAILING OF IRISH CATHEDRAL

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BLACK WEEK END CLOSES

24 Killed and 21 Wounded on Both Sides in Attacks and Reprisals.

By the Associated Press.

PUBLIN, March 20.—The ambush of Crown forces near Kinsale, County Cork, Saturday occurred when reinforcements were proceeding to seek a military officer and a police sergeant who were missing as a result of a previous ambush. The body of the sergeant has been found near Dungarvan blindfolded and riddled with bullets. A card pinned to his breast was inscribed, "Executed."

Crowds to-day gazed curiously at a man chained to the railing of the Pro-Cathedral in Marlborough street here, but no one attempted to liberate him until the police came. It was said he had been chained to the railing because he worked during the execution of six men in Mountjoy prison on March 14 in disobedience to the call for a cessation of labor.

The Archbishop of Tuam, in a letter to the parish priest in Clifden, condemning the shooting of policemen there as a reprisal of the Mountjoy executions and the failure to obey his call for a cessation of labor, said: "I must give my people moral guidance even if corrupt politicians turn Gospel teachings to bad ends."

The Archbishop repeated his appeal for a truce and urged the Government, as the stronger side, to call a truce and initiate peace negotiations.

A "black week-end" has been experienced by the Crown forces in Ireland, according to official reports. Eleven members of the Government forces were killed and eleven wounded in various ambushes, while it is believed that thirteen of their assailants were killed and ten wounded. The reports do not take into account isolated murders and outrages, which are continually reported.

Capt. Arthur, an Ulster barrister, who acted as judge in a number of recent Dublin courts martial, was attacked at his home Saturday night by three armed men and wounded.

John Sheehan, a former attendant at the Cork Lunatic Asylum, was shot dead at Cork last night. He had been suspected of giving information last December, on the occasion of the arrest of a girl wearing steel armor, concerning a Republican arsenal. This was the second time Sheehan had been attacked.

Three bombs were thrown at a military lorry here last night, two of which exploded, killing two soldiers and wounding six others, including an officer. The remaining soldiers fired, wounding three of the attacking party.

From Monday night on the curfew has been fixed from 8 o'clock at night until 5 o'clock in the morning. This advancement of the hour, which was due to a curfew, was said here to-day, and this influenced them in their decision not to participate as judges.

By the Associated Press.

CARDINAL DOUGHERTY GETS TITULAR CHURCH

Takes Possession of Ancient Roman Edifice.

By the Associated Press.

ROME, March 20.—Cardinal Dennis J. Dougherty of Philadelphia to-day took possession of his titular church of SS. Nereus and Achilleus here with impressive ceremonies. The church was crowded with diplomatic representatives, prelates and members of the Holy See. The new American prince of the church was welcomed by Mr. Cerretti, Papal Under Secretary of State, who acted as assistant bishop. Bishop Allen of Mobile, Ala., represented the American hierarchy.

Cardinal Dougherty ascended the throne and was greeted with an address of welcome by Father Luis, at which Mr. Spolovink, apostolic prothonotary read the Papal bull conferring the church on Cardinal Dougherty, who expressed his gratitude to the Pope for naming him titular of a church of such ancient history, "thus bringing me into closer touch with this religious body dear to the English speaking world, especially because it numbers among its ranks that profound and original thinker, that master of stately style, the great souled Cardinal Newman."

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DIGS UP OLD WINE MUG OF PHARAOH OF THE EXODUS

Philadelphia Archaeologist Finds in Memphis, Egypt, What He Believes Is Palace of Menephthah, Before Whom Moses and Aaron Worked Signs.

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Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. PHILADELPHIA, March 20.—Pharaoh's wine mug, which was filled and emptied without a prescription and without a ruling of the Attorney-General of ancient Egypt, is among many articles found in the Palace of Menephthah, partly excavated by Dr. Clarence S. Fisher, who, for five years, was in charge of the University of Pennsylvania Museum's excavations in Egypt.

Dr. Fisher, it is announced, has about completed the manuscript of his first volume dealing with the Palace of Menephthah. Unusual interest is attached to the work, as Menephthah is believed by many Biblical scholars to have been the Pharaoh of the Exodus.

A complete restoration of the Judgment Hall of Pharaoh has been made by Dr. Fisher. If the assumption that Menephthah was the ruler of Egypt in the period of the Exodus is correct then it must have been in front of the Judgment Hall that Moses and Aaron worked their signs and wonders and demanded that Pharaoh free the children of Israel. The palace, which is situated at ancient Memphis, nearly opposite Cairo, is said to be the first royal abode ever fully excavated. A few scattered ruins have been found in two other places.

Despite the fact that Menephthah lived in the thirteenth century B. C. he lacked few of what now would be called up to the minute comforts of home. The Judgment Hall must have been a place of great grandeur, rich in color and elaborately furnished. Just behind the throne room the King had his private study, where he would take a little nap between listening to delegations. There was a handsome bathroom, with excellent plumbing, a wardrobe, a couch in a bedroom and a little cellaret. It was in that cellar undoubtedly, to which Pharaoh had the key, that the alabaster mug was found.

to continue to exercise this supervision" as provided in Article 213 of the Peace Treaty.

"We will obtain nothing from Germany," says M. Poincare, "except by pressure strong enough to break Germany's bad faith." But he expresses the belief that Berlin will accept the superiority of power once the Allies demonstrate that they are inseparably united.

"Germany has already announced that she does not intend to pay the 12,000,000,000 marks due before May 1, under the provision of the treaty, and expects by new trickeries to reject this obligation," he continues. "This violation of the treaty will be met, naturally, by demands for additional penalties, but these must not be applied in a spirit of hatred or vexation. There only must be a method of constraint and coercion to be applied until the execution of Germany's obligation is complete, which then must disappear immediately."

"The decisive hour has arrived. A single instant of foreboding and we lose everything, whereas by perseverance we will conserve our rights and consolidate the world's peace."

GERMANY DENIES TROOPS ON FRONTIER

Expresses Hope Plebiscite Will Be Peaceful.

PARIS, March 20.—The German Government, replying to-day to the recent note of the Council of Ambassadors warning it that Germany would be held responsible for disorders in the Upper Silesian plebiscite area arising from the entry of German troops, declares with cut foundation reports of German military preparations on the Silesian frontier.

The note expresses the hope that the plebiscite will be carried out peacefully.

PUBLISHERS OPPOSE CUT IN ADVERTISING RATES

Agree That Present Costs Do Not Justify Move.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 20.—That financial disaster would follow the reduction of advertising rates was the consensus of publishers and advertising executives of newspapers attending here to-day a meeting of the officers and directors of the National Association of Newspaper Executives, according to Charles Miller of Atlanta, Ga., president.

"Retailers have been misled by the spot market prices of paper," said Mr. Miller. "It is true that the spot market price of paper has dropped from 12 cents a pound to 7. However, publishers buy their paper on contract. Last year they were paying 4 cents, now they are paying 6 1/2. Then, too, freight rates are higher and there have been no reductions in the wage scales of union men. Consequently lower rates are out of the question."

ANARCHIST HUNGER STRIKE.

MILAN, March 20.—Enrico Malatesta, the Anarchist leader, who was arrested in October in connection with an Anarchist plan discovered by the police of Milan, has gone on a hunger strike in which he has been joined by the other Anarchists arrested with him.

JUSTICE IN BUSINESS URGED BY COOLIDGE

Vice-President Stresses the Need of Amity Between Capital and Labor.

Vice-President Stresses the Need of Amity Between Capital and Labor.

Vice-President Calvin Coolidge in his first public statement since taking office sends, through the medium of Current Affairs, the weekly publication of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, to-day, "A Message to American Business."

Voicing the policy of the national Administration, Vice-President Coolidge calls upon the business men of the nation to do their part in bringing about friendly relations between capital and labor. The text of the Vice-President's message is as follows:

"The present Administration stands pledged to use its utmost endeavors for the development of American business, foreign and domestic. It has already begun work upon these problems and is formulating a definite programme of development. In this the national finances will play a very important part, requiring the reframing of our revenue laws which affect internal taxation and import duties.

"With the settlement of our international relations and the defining of the German indemnity, which should result in a large business expansion. President Harding has chosen for his advisors men not only intimately, but sympathetically in touch with American business in all its different avenues. There is also a disposition on the part of the Congress to give more and more attention to the development of business, not only for the purpose of increasing the general welfare, but as the only means of the relief of unemployment and the increase of prosperity.

"It would be futile to underestimate the difficult problems which must be faced and solved arising out of the general exhaustion which has come to the world as the result of the war. The advice of expert business men will be needed for their solution, through the cooperation and coordination of all the elements of power throughout the nation.

"It is very necessary under present conditions that American business enterprises should deal with their employees in a way to commend itself to their sense of justice and at the same time keep in mind the necessities of the consumer. Failure in either respect will not only injure the business, but will be attempting to revive business and greatly delay their programme. This is no time to press for an undue advantage. It is time to cultivate a friendly relation between all the different elements of production, whether represented by investment or by labor. Putting the nation in that state of mind will be the beginning of a new era of prosperity."

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette

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